

Competitive Algorithm Design and Practice Minimum Cost Maximum Flow 2014/05/28

Guan Yu, Chen (kevinx6000)

kevinx6000@gmail.com

Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering National Cheng Kung University Tainan, Taiwan









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- How to reach B from A?
 - DFS/BFS





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- How to reach B from A with minimum cost?
 - Shortest Path Algorithm



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- How to reach B from A with maximum flow?
 - Maximum Flow Algorithm



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- How to reach B from A?
 - DFS/BFS
- How to reach B from A with minimum cost?
 - Shortest Path Algorithm
- How to reach B from A with maximum flow?
 - Maximum Flow Algorithm
- How to reach B from A with maximum flow, and, with minimum cost?
 - Minimum Cost Maximum Flow





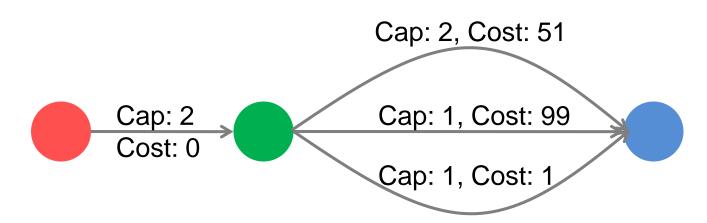
Definition





Definition

- Maximum Flow with Minimum Cost
 - Maximum Flow
 - You should pay k_i (cost/per unit flow) on one edge_i



Max Flow: 2
Min Cost: 52





When?

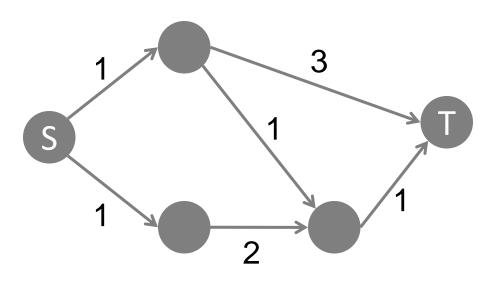


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When?

Scenario 1

給一張有向圖,兩個人從起點出發,要到達終點,每 條邊只能被一人使用,求距離總和的最小值?



Min distance:

$$= 4+4 = 8$$





When?

Scenario 2

n個警察,要追n個強盜,根據相對位置的不同,每個警察追達每個強盜的時間不盡相同,假設一個警察要剛好抓到一個強盜,問最少需要多少時間能夠逮捕所有強盜? $(1 \le n \le 100)$





When?

Solution

- Scenario 1: Minimum Cost Maximum Flow
 - Each edge with capacity = 1, Super source with capacity = 2
- Scenario 2: Minimum Weight Bipartite Matching
 - Can be modeled with MCMF









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Flow

Maximum Flow

+

Shortest Path

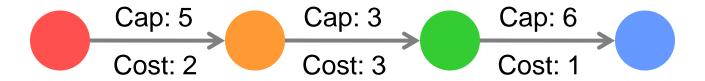
Cost

Minimum Cost Maximum Flow





- Cost
 - (Bottleneck flow) x (Total cost along the path)
 - Augmenting Path wit Min. Cost: Shortest Path Algorithm



Bottleneck flow: 3 X Min. Cost: 6 = 18





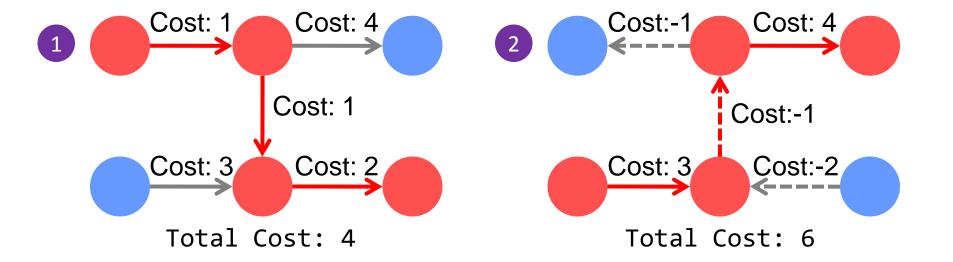


- 逆向流?
 - Cost -> Cost
 - 反向抵銷Flow, Cost一併抵銷
 - See next slide







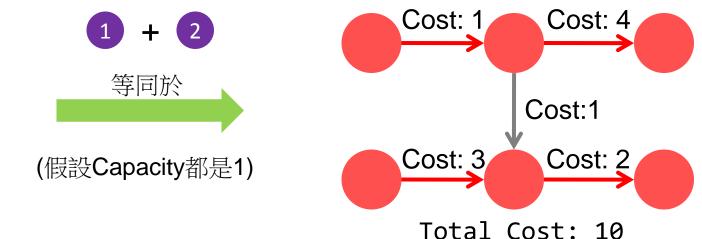


(假設Capacity都是1)







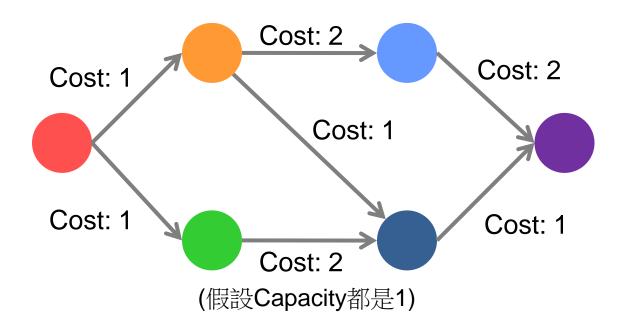






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Example



Max Flow: 0

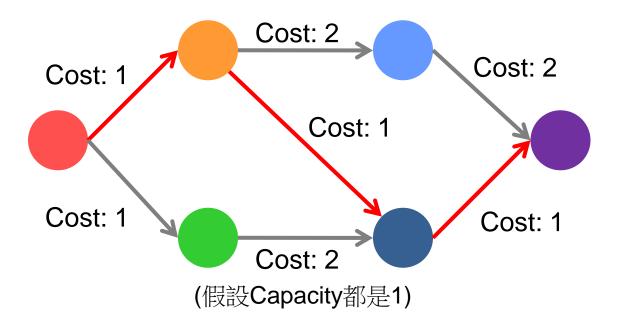
Min Cost: 0







Example



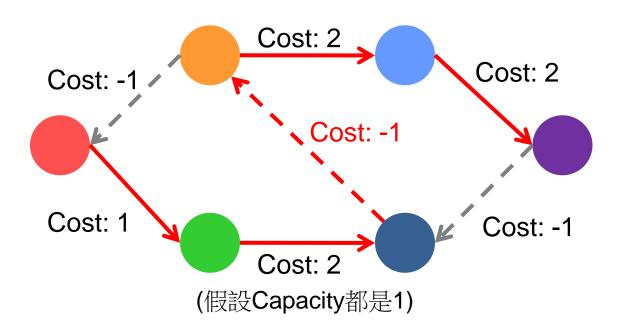
Bottleneck: 1
Total Cost: 3

Max Flow: 1
Min Cost: 3





Example



Bottleneck: 1
Total Cost: 6

Max Flow: 2
Min Cost: 9





Pseudo Code





Pseudo Code

Pseudo Code

```
int MCMF(){
    Max_flow=0
    Min_cost=0
    while(SPFA()){
        ff = min_flow along shortest path;
        Update the flow along the path;
        Max_flow += ff;
        Min_cost += ff * distance of shortest path;
}
return Max_flow or Min_cost
}
```





Pseudo Code

Pseudo Code

```
bool SPFA(){
         Initialize;
         while(Queue is not empty){
             u = Queue.top();
             for(each vertex v adjacent to u){
                 if(flow[v][u]>0 and dis[u]-cost[v][u]<dis[v]){</pre>
                     Update distance and record path;
                     Enqueue if necessary;
10
11
12
                 else if(cap[u][v]-flow[u][v]>0 and dis[u]+cost[u][v]<dis[v]){</pre>
13
                     Update distance and record path;
14
                     Enqueue if necessary;
15
16
17
```



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Practice

• UVa: 10594

• POJ: 3068





Thank you for your attention!

